

# 1 & 2 TIMES TABLES

**Rule: Anything  
multiplied by 1 is  
itself**

$$1 \times 1 = 1$$

$$1 \times 2 = 2$$

$$1 \times 3 = 3$$

$$1 \times 4 = 4$$

$$1 \times 5 = 5$$

$$1 \times 6 = 6$$

$$1 \times 7 = 7$$

$$1 \times 8 = 8$$

$$1 \times 9 = 9$$

$$1 \times 10 = 10$$

**Rule: Double the  
Number**

$$2 \times 1 = 2$$

$$2 \times 2 = 4$$

$$2 \times 3 = 6$$

$$2 \times 4 = 8$$

$$2 \times 5 = 10$$

$$2 \times 6 = 12$$

$$2 \times 7 = 14$$

$$2 \times 8 = 16$$

$$2 \times 9 = 18$$

$$2 \times 10 = 20$$

# 3 & 4 TIMES TABLES

**Rule: Double the number, and add itself**

Example:  $3 \times 7$

7's double is 14, so  $14 + 7 = 21$

$$3 \times 1 = 3$$

$$3 \times 2 = 6$$

$$3 \times 3 = 9$$

$$3 \times 4 = 12$$

$$3 \times 5 = 15$$

$$3 \times 6 = 18$$

$$3 \times 7 = 21$$

$$3 \times 8 = 24$$

$$3 \times 9 = 27$$

$$3 \times 10 = 30$$

**Rule: Double the Double**

Example:  $4 \times 6$

6's double is 12, so  $12 + 12 = 24$

$$4 \times 1 = 4$$

$$4 \times 2 = 8$$

$$4 \times 3 = 12$$

$$4 \times 4 = 16$$

$$4 \times 5 = 20$$

$$4 \times 6 = 24$$

$$4 \times 7 = 28$$

$$4 \times 8 = 32$$

$$4 \times 9 = 36$$

$$4 \times 10 = 40$$

# 5 TIMES TABLE

**Rule: Count by 5's that many times**

Example:  $5 \times 4$

Count by 5's 4 times... 5, 10, 15, **20**

$$5 \times 1 = 5$$

$$5 \times 2 = 10$$

$$5 \times 3 = 15$$

$$5 \times 4 = 20$$

$$5 \times 5 = 25$$

$$5 \times 6 = 30$$

$$5 \times 7 = 35$$

$$5 \times 8 = 40$$

$$5 \times 9 = 45$$

$$5 \times 10 = 50$$